Phoenix, Arizona

85042

Olvera, Jonathan

Post U.S. Government

Material: Bacteria, Achae (specific fuction unkown)

Material: Nickel. Magnesium, Shades are different.

Above: Use of the bacteria for farming. different iso- functions the pulverization of the mounds of magnesium and nickel.

is used as a source of food. Salt is available.

Territory: Arizona (The Arid Zone)

Peril soot incoming off the elevations of Africa. there is reduced visibility. In specific directions. Population Debates

Land owner ship, Water rights, Monarchy. Buddihsm.

Phoenics

A Platform community

Settlers On the terrain Create a platform between the organism and the abundant bacteria. to perfect the enviornment's air flow

control the flow and place of particles present in the area. Mining Removal of salt.

To Mine in Arizona:

LABOR -

Energy:

A mechanism to harness the energy from the meteor showers is developed. The energy is used to power the community's infrastructure, including the water purification system and the mining operations.

Security:

A specialized task force is established to maintain order and protect the community from external threats. The task force is equipped with advanced surveillance systems and non-lethal weapons to ensure public safety.

Communication:

A communication network is established, utilizing a complex system of mirrors and pulleys to transmit messages across the territory. The network is used for trade negotiations, resource allocation, and emergency alerts.

Health:

A medical facility is built, equipped with advanced medical technology and staffed by trained medical professionals. The facility focuses on treating respiratory issues caused by the perilous soot and developing new treatments for diseases related to the unique environment.

Agriculture:

The use of bacteria for farming is refined, allowing for the cultivation of crops that thrive in the arid zone. The crops are engineered to be resistant to the effects of the perilous soot and the harsh desert climate.

Education:

A comprehensive education system is established, focusing on the technical skills

required for the community's survival. The curriculum includes courses on mining, agriculture, energy production, and environmental sustainability.

Government:

A council of leaders is formed, comprising representatives from each sector of the community. The council makes decisions on resource allocation, trade agreements, and territorial expansion.

Expansion:

As the community grows, expansion into neighboring territories is considered. Diplomatic relations are established with neighboring communities, and trade agreements are negotiated to facilitate the exchange of resources and knowledge.

Infrastructure:

The community's infrastructure is expanded to include advanced irrigation systems, water treatment facilities, and transportation networks. The infrastructure is designed to be sustainable, efficient, and adaptable to the unique challenges of the arid zone.

Research:

A research facility is established to study the properties of the bacteria, nickel, and magnesium. The facility focuses on developing new technologies that utilize these materials to improve the community's quality of life.

Culture:

A rich cultural scene emerges, with a strong emphasis on community, cooperation, and innovation. The community celebrates its unique heritage through music, art, and storytelling, preserving the history of its struggles and triumphs.

As the community continues to thrive, it becomes a beacon of hope for other communities struggling to survive in the harsh environment of the arid zone. The people of Phoenix, Arizona, have created a shining example of resilience,

adaptation, and innovation in the face of adversity.